



# MaxiGreen Conference, Ville de Marck

## WP2 *in situ* Interpretation of Natural Heritage Workshops

21<sup>st</sup> March 2013

### **NEW INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES INTERPRETING NATURAL HERITAGE**

#### Presentation by Pixelworks

##### Mobile Explorer

- Thurrock Council develop trail on mobile phone app. Pilot project GPS technology re: information.
  - Coalhouse Fort
  - Riverside Trail
  - Military and Heritage
- app branded
- location aware
- 10 steps defined on map, information given, audio and photography.

##### Themes

- Social
- Military
- Nature
- French language

##### Nature Trail

- Shows information about wildlife
- Directions and signs

##### East Tilbury Village

- Beta Trail
- Social history

##### Best practice for creating a mobile wayfinding application

- Community engagement
- archaeologist / expert input
- schools and senior schools
- script writing
- content creation
- storytelling
- Digital delivery and social engagement
- Ability to share information within app, i.e., Tweeting
- Create hotspot on map – becomes trigger zone
- Built in editor within browser.



## Costs

- Funding required
- Need to market the app – tell people about it
- Need to gather statistics on usage
- Approximately €3,000 to create the platform
- Use your own content, help with storytelling
- Coalhouse Fort project cost €50,000
- Consider licensing fee re: software access

## Presentation by Ville de Loos en Gohelle

Site is a former mining area closed in 1986 with historical features. It is a flagship project and Municipal World Heritage site. There is capacity for sustainable development.

## Interpretation

- The past of the city from mining
- History and engaging local community
- Implement strategy and policies
- All population to make it their own – sense of ownership – to be involved from the outset
- Implemented a blog to inform residents
- Internal project team
- Scientific committee

## Physical and technical means for information

- New technologies – interactive voice mail services
- QR codes – info at various stops
- Direct access, triggered at various places
- Videos, images, 3D models with QR codes
- Paper leaflets, tablets and smart phones available
- Customised interpretation with various themes
- 30% of choice re: tenders – service providers given the final decision
- Experts all worked to implement project
- Electronic powered bikes for people to travel



## Presentation by Essex Wildlife Trust

- Developing digital media need to be ongoing
  - Design work important
  - Ongoing updates and corrections essential
  - Add new interest – new upcoming events etc.
- Trial and error
- Use different social media – Facebook, Twitter, web pages, links
  - Social Media Dashboards – Hootsuite
  
- Accessing our message – understanding who uses the different social medias
  - Facebook is useful for parents and teachers
  - Reach different audiences by linking with different sites and partners
  
- Many different ways of reaching our audience
  - Websites can be used for booking onto events
  - Comments and feedback show potential interest in a project
  - Get messages out there in different mediums
- Don't just rely on one medium, consider several and mix your marketing e.g. Posters (show web-links)
- Use of social networking like Twitter can be updated in real time. It needs to be regular but can be time consuming.



## **CREATIVE INTERPRETATION FURNITURE**

### **Presentation by Provincie Antwerpen on the Rupel Claypits**

Interpretation furniture is the means of getting messages out to visitors and users of a site. A variety of techniques can be used but must be coherent, appropriate and consistent. In order to ensure this, there must be a cohesive approach with a number of aspects considered.

- Uniform or consistent use of furniture
- Stories to be linked between sites e.g. museum with claypits
- Regional narratives
- Themes (for mapping, waymarking etc.)
  - Clay – red
  - Water – blue
  - Nature – green

Decide places of interest and how they interlink with themes: ‘Must Sees’

Furniture should relate to the hierarchy and the narrative

- Map out where to place furniture
- Styles can be different but build on existing framework
- Link style of furniture to the site e.g. wooden brick mould as frames for interpretation panels

Finance – prioritise main furniture.

Stories – Take an objective stand point – gather information written by external experts

Show flexibility for change and keep identity of each partner whilst also maintaining an overall theme.



## Presentation by Agence Presence

Start with users' point of view

- How do the target groups behave? – observe

Use of colours based on the identity of the area, e.g. colours and style based on a local, prominent artist.

External exhibition – models, interactive games, sound boxes.

Signage to prepare visitors for visit – based on landscape, shape and materials.

Where information is not visible, e.g. a battle site with no memorials etc., interpret with mobile app instead of marking nothing.

- Use QR codes

## Presentation by Pic Bois

Consider how materials will be used when they reach the end of their life

- burn
- non-harmful materials – not landfill
- Recyclable

Multilingual, simple – adapted to all readers

To be durable to weather, safe, easy to keep, fun, playful, hide clues, guide people to what they will see.

- Transparent materials – integrates with landscape – window.
- Refrain from large panel – take advantage of the landscape.
- Smartphone technology – future proof



## Presentation by BlackBox AV

### Outdoor audio interpretation

- aim to visit, dwell, learn and return

### Electronic display

- battery powered visuals by solar dynamo
- crank handle to hear audio

### NFC (Near Field Communication)

- Swipe against receiver like Barclaycard and Oyster Card.
- Will eventually replace QR codes
- 40mm size
- Personalised interpretation
- NFC chip behind QR code so phone can scan
- Already in android phones and Blackberrys



## **EDUCATION AND PARTICIPATION KITS**

### **Presentation by Provincie West-Vlaanderen**

Participation is the key - to engage children they need to experience

- Take them out of the classroom
- Provide equipment
- Brochures – how to make your own kit

### **Presentation by Agance Miss'yl**

Build educational kits for teachers

- Kits can be used by external organisations, private companies etc. who want to communicate ideas to schools.
- Adapt aids to school practices of teachers – work with teachers and experts in the areas e.g. food experts
- Provide an assessment questionnaire for opinion on the contents of the pack

### **Presentation by Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Museum Services**

The key is to have fun and learn through doing

- Re-enactment is an excellent way to learn history
- Fun and exploration
- Use of a building and venue as part of the kit. Do not forget the importance of your surroundings to aid the education.
- Dress up – fun helps people to learn
- Children love disgusting facts and answers to amusing questions 'how did people go to the toilet in the 1400s?'
- Better to have 3 facts learnt through fun than 10 facts taught and forgotten immediately afterwards.



## Presentation by Gemeente Rotterdam

Link education packs to the surroundings and use to teach important issues and lessons

- Kitchen gardens and school garden for healthy eating
- Small farms and petting zoos for farming and animals

Work with partners:

- Energy company could provide a pack on forces (push, pull, twist or electromagnetic etc.) – how energy is made
- Solar energy

Provide posters with information (schools or take-home)



## **NATURE RANGERS: CAPTIVATE IS MY JOB!**

### **Presentation by CPIE Flanders-Maritime**

- CPIE has a permanent centre for Environmental Initiatives
  - Offers Environmental Education
  - Provides access to natural areas
  - Provides training
  
- Approach is bottom up
  - Nature Guides – Guided walker
  - 10 day training period (Saturdays)
  
- Growing at regional and national level
- Meets the needs of everyone
- Wide range of audiences
- Citizens to take ownership over their territory and environment
- Different approaches to use – adults and children etc. for interpretation

### **Presentation by Gemeente Rotterdam**

The site is 300 Hectares – 100ha Water, 80ha Grass, 120ha Forest. It is a heavily used forest with 2 million visits per year. There is a high level nature value in forest. The recreational areas are well used for sailing, swimming, sports etc.

#### Communication with stakeholders and visitors

- Involve partners
- Involve the Council
- District organisations
- Use of maps (hard copies)
- Local & seasonal information
- Press releases – Get the press on side for future work with them
- Good lines of communication to public and back – positive way of promoting the forest



## Presentation by Essex Wildlife Trust

- The location is stunning – use that as a means to captivate people
  - Parts of the site has protected status, SSSI, parts have important amenity value
  - There needs to be an awareness of information
- The wildlife is an important means of enthralling and engaging people.
  - There needs to be access to wildlife
  - There needs to be time and space to see these sights
- Projects should be marketed to inspired people and lead them to action
  - Techniques should be age appropriate
  - Techniques should be ability appropriate
  - Need to consider ways that children learn and what they remember
- Essex Wildlife Trust works in regions. The organisation currently has 8 visitor centres, 80 reserves, 100+ staff and 2,000 volunteers. These can be used in different ways to reach different audiences. Each area has its own ‘appeal’